# Governor's FY 2018 Budget: Articles

Staff Presentation to the House Finance Committee March 1, 2017

#### Introduction

- Article 1, Section 14 Infrastructure Bank Transfer
- Article 1, Section 15 NBC Transfer
- Article 16: Debt Management Act
  - Section 3 State Energy Improvements
  - Section 4 Confined Aquatic Dredged Material Disposal Cells
- Article 19: Electric Vehicle Rebate Program

#### **Article 1 Transfers**

- Require payments to the state's General Fund by June 30, 2018
- Various amounts from quasi-state agencies

Similar to last two year's proposals
Totals \$13.3 million in FY 2018

# Article 1, Section 14 – Infrastructure Bank

- Requires transfer of \$1.0 million to general revenues by June 30, 2018
- Uncommitted reserves would be lowered with this transfer
- Prior proposals
  - FY 2017: \$8.0 million
  - FY 2016: \$11.0 million

Assembly did not concur with proposals

### Article 1, Section 15 – NBC

- Requires transfer of \$2.5 million to state general revenues from the Narragansett Bay Commission by June 30, 2018
- Equivalent to FY 2018 debt service on G.O. bonds
- Recent prior proposals
  - FY 2017 \$1.5 million
  - FY 2016 \$2.8 million

## Article 1, Section 15 – NBC

- NBC testimony in prior years was that the transfers would violate bond covenants
  - Administration indicated during 2016 session that it had not done a review to refute the Commission's position

#### Article 16 – Debt Management Act Joint Resolution

- Authority to issue new debt
  - IT Improvements 2/28
  - Energy Improvements in State Facilities today
  - Confined Aquatic Disposal Cells today
  - URI Energy Performance Phase III 3/15
  - URI White Horn Brook Apartments 3/15

## Article 16 – Debt Management Act Joint Resolution

- Enacted in 1994
- Subsequently amended to increase Assembly's approval role
- Ensures that debt with a state tie was not issued without legislative review
- Result of Commission chaired by Rep.
   Linda Kushner

## Article 16 – Debt Management Act Joint Resolution

- Public Debt Management Act
  Certain quasi-public agencies are exempt:
  - Infrastructure Bank
  - Housing & Mortgage Finance Corporation
  - Health & Educational Building Corporation

#### Article 16 - Public Corporation Debt Management Act

Recommended New Debt Authority	Amount	Debt Service	Source
<b>Certificates of Participation</b>			
IT Improvements	\$16.2	\$2.1	Gen. Rev.
Energy Improvements in State Facilities	12.0	1.7	Energy savings
CAD Cells	10.5	1.4	User fees, Gen. Rev.
URI Energy Performance III	11.6	1.1	Energy savings
Subtotal	\$50.3	\$6.3	
Revenue Bonds			
URI White Horn Brook Apts.	\$88.8	\$5.9	Dorm fees, tuition, Gen. Rev.
Total	\$139.1	\$12.1	

#### **Project Considerations**

- Does the project need to be done?
  Is the project ready to be done?
  - When will it start?
  - Is it well thought through and ready for funding/financing?
    - What will the operating budget impacts be?
      - Maintenance costs, staff savings?
  - When will it be complete?

## **Funding Considerations**

- Should a project be financed or payas-you-go?
  - Rhode Island Capital Plan funds available as pay-go for all or part of project
  - More pay-go equals less future debt service

# **Funding Considerations**

#### State's overall debt structure

- Net tax supported debt would decrease thru FY 2022 by \$414.0 million to \$1.5 billion
- Had dropped to \$1.3 billion in FY 2003 after use of tobacco bonds to defease debt
  - Past practice indicates it will be higher as more projects are added
  - Budget does not assume any new referenda
    - Departure from past practice

#### Funding Considerations – Debt Ratios

- Debt as a percent of personal income would decrease from 3.2% in FY 2018 to 2.2% into FY 2022
- Likely to be higher based on projects being added
  - Does not assume any new referenda will go before voters in November 2018 or 2020

## Debt Service as Percent of Useable General Revenues



## Article 16, Section 3 – State Energy Improvements

- Governor issued Executive Order 15-17 in December 2015
  - Identified the state as one of the largest energy consumers in RI
    - Total energy expenses of nearly \$35 million
  - Established "Lead by Example" Program
  - OER to coordination with other state entities
    - Decrease energy usage

# Article 16, Section 3 – State Energy Improvements

- Borrow \$12.0 million
  - Use of Certificates of Participation (COPS)
- Use to leverage other funds
  - RGGI, RICAP & funds from National Grid
- Make energy improvements (lighting & HVAC) in state facilities:
  - Group homes
  - Cannon building
  - State House
  - Other facilities

## Article 16, Section 3 – State Energy Improvements

- Debt service = \$1.7 million annually
  - Assuming 5.0% and 10 years
  - Supported with "energy efficiency savings"
- Budget also includes \$5.0 million RICAP
  - \$1.0 million annually from FY 2018 FY 2022
  - Shovel ready projects:
    - Numerous state buildings
    - Few group homes

Prior projects like this used 3<sup>rd</sup> party risk

#### Borrow \$10.5 million

 Use of Certificates of Participation
 Construction of a new Confined Aquatic Dredged Material "CAD" Cell

 Project will include dredging & removal of sediments not suitable for ocean disposal

- Providence River and Shipping Channel
  - Last dredged in 2003
  - Currently has 6 CAD cells
    - Construction completed in 2005
  - Reached 75% capacity
  - Army Corps of Engineers is planning to dredge river in the fall of 2018

- Project is considered a federal maintenance project
- State is required to pay an up-front cost share of 35% for cell
  - Total state share is \$11.0 million
    - \$10.5 million borrowed
    - \$0.5 million from CRMC's Dredge Fund
  - Equates to \$31.4 million total project

- Annual debt service supported by user fees and general revenues
  - \$1.4 million assuming 10 years and 5.0% interest
- Project accounts for cell capacity that the state can sell to private harbors and marinas

# Article 19 – Electric Vehicle Rebate program

- Office of Energy Resources currently administers an Electric Vehicle Rebate Program
- Rebates are up to \$2,500
  - Based on battery capacity and type of vehicle
  - Through CY 2016, 159 rebates provided
  - Funded with RGGI Fund & environmental settlement funds

## Article 19 – Electric Vehicle Rebate Program

- Article 19 creates Electric Vehicle Rebate Program in law
  - Provide incentives for purchase/lease of electric vehicle
  - Promote reduction of greenhouse gas emissions
  - FY 2018 through FY 2022
  - FY 2018 budget includes \$250,000 from general revenues

## Article 19 – Electric Vehicle Rebate Program

- Office would determine amount of rebates by rules and regulations
- Application process
  - Proof of purchase/lease
  - Cost of vehicle
  - Make and model
  - Proof of residency

## Article 19 – Electric Vehicle Rebate Program

- Office must notify any pending applicant when fund ends
  If applicant is denied
  - Can appeal decision to Commissioner of the Office Energy Resources

May uphold, reverse or modify Office's decision
 Article is effective July 1, 2017

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